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consent, or not inspected by us prior to the completion of harvest;

- (c) Any unharvested production where good stonefruit cultural practices were discontinued following an appraisal; and
- (d) Any appraised production or unharvested acreage.
- (3) Any appraisal we have made on insured acreage will be considered production to count unless such appraised production is:

 (a) Not harvested before the harvest of
- (a) Not harvested before the harvest of stonefruit becomes general in the county and is reappraised by us;
- (b) Further damaged by an insured cause and is reappraised by us; or
 - (c) Harvested.
- (4) The amount of production of any unharvested type may be determined on the basis of orchard appraisals conducted after the end of the insurance period or discontinuance of harvest. We may appraise and consider as production to count, any insured fruit remaining on acreage not clean harvested.
- (5) We may delay final appraisal until the extent of damage can be determined.
- c. The total production in tons to be counted for a processing unit will include all production harvested and all appraised production:
- (1) For processing apricots (Type II), such production must meet California Department of Food and Agriculture minimum standards:
- (2) For processing clingstone peaches (Type IV), such production must be graded by the California State Inspection Service as #2 or better:
- (3) For processing freestone peaches (Type V), such production must meet California Department of Food and Agriculture minimum standards and will include all production harvested and appraised which is acceptable to the processor:
- (4) Appraised production to be counted for Types II, IV, and V will include:
- (a) Potential production lost due to uninsured causes and failure to follow recognized good stonefruit production practices;
- (b) Not less than the guarantee for any acreage which is abandoned, damaged solely by an uninsured cause, or destroyed by you without our consent; and
 - (c) Any unharvested production.
- (5) Any appraisal for processing fruit types will be conducted based on procedure stated in subsection 9.b(2), (3), and (4).
- d. In the absence of acceptable records to determine the disposition of harvested stonefruit, we may elect to determine such disposition and the amount of such production to be counted for the unit.
- e. You must authorize us in writing to examine and obtain any records pertaining to production and marketing of the insured fruit under this contract from the broker, shipper, canner, advisory board, marketing

order or any other source we deem necessary.

10. The Cancellation and Termination Dates

The cancellation and termination dates are January $31. \,$

11. Contract Changes

The date by which contract changes will be available in your service office is October 31 preceding the cancellation date. Acceptance of any change will be conclusively presumed in the absence of notice from you to cancel the contract.

12. Meaning of Terms

For the purpose of Stonefruit crop insurance:

- a. *Appraisal* means an estimate of the potential production determined by our representative using our prescribed procedures.
- b. *Crop Year* means the period beginning with the date insurance attaches and extending through the normal harvest time and will be designated by the calendar year in which the insured type is normally harvested.
- c. *Harvest* means the picking of mature fruit from the trees by hand or machine.
- d. Lug means a container of fresh fruit of the weights shown below. All fresh production to count of varying lug sizes will be converted to standard lug equivalents on the basis of the following average net pounds of packed fruit:

Туре	Pounds/ lug
I Apricots III Nectarines VI Freestone Peaches	24 25 22

e. Ton means a volume of apricots or processing peaches of type II, IV, or V marketable through processing channels and equaling 2000 pounds.

[53 FR 6561, Mar. 2, 1988]

§ 401.123 Safflower seed crop endorsement.

The provisions of the Safflower Seed Crop Insurance Endorsement for the 1988 through the 1997 crop year.

FEDERAL CROP INSURANCE CORPORATION

Safflower Seed Crop Endorsement

1. Insured Crop

- a. The crop insured will be safflower seed (''safflowers'').
- b. In addition to the safflowers not insurable in section 2 of the general crop insurance policy, we do not insure any safflowers on which safflowers, sunflowers, dry beans,

sovbeans, mustard, rapeseed, or lentils have been grown the preceding crop year.

2. Causes of Loss

The insurance provided is against unavoidable loss of production resulting from the following causes occurring within the insurance period:

- a. Adverse weather conditions;
- b. Fire:
- c. Insect infestation;
- d. Plant disease;
- e. Wildlife;
- f. Earthquake;
- g. Volcanic eruption; or h. If applicable, failure of the irrigation water supply due to an unavoidable cause occurring after the beginning of planting; unless those causes are excepted, excluded,

or limited by the actuarial table or subsection 9 of the general policy.

3. Annual Premium

The annual premium is computed by multiplying the production guarantee times the price election, times the premium rate, times the insured acreage, times your share at the time of planting.

4. Insurance Period

The calendar date for the end of insurance period is October 31 of the calendar year in which the safflowers are normally harvested.

5. Unit Division

Safflower acreage that would otherwise be one unit, as defined in section 17 of the general crop insurance policy, may be divided into more than one unit if you agree to pay additional premium as provided for by the actuarial table and if for each proposed unit you maintain written verifiable records of planted acreage and harvested production for

- at least the previous crop year; and either a. Acreage planted to insured Safflowers is located in separate legally identifiable sections or, in the absence of section descriptions the land is identified by separate ASCS Farm Serial Numbers, provided:
- (1) The boundaries of the section or Farm Serial Number are clearly identified, and the insured acreage can be easily determined; and
- (2) The safflowers are planted in such a manner that the planting pattern does not continue into the adjacent section or Farm Serial Number: or
- b. Acreage planted to safflowers is located in a single section or ASCS Farm Serial Number and consists of acreage on which both an irrigated and nonirrigated practice are carried out, provided:
- (1) Safflowers planted on irrigated acreage does not continue into nonirrigated acreage in the same rows or planting pattern (Nonirrigated corners of a center pivot irrigation

system are part of the irrigated unit. The production from the total unit, both irrigated and nonirrigated, is combined to determine your yield for the purpose of determining the guarantee for the unit.); and

(2) Planting, fertilizing and harvesting are carried out in accordance with recognized good irrigated and nonirrigated farming practices for the area.

If you have a loss on any unit, production records for all harvested units must be provided. Production that is commingled between optional units will cause those units to be combined for the purpose of calculating an indemnity.

6. Notice of Damage or Loss

The representative samples of unharvested safflowers as required in section 8 of the general crop insurance policy will be at least 10feet wide and the entire length of the field.

7. Claim for Indemnity

- a. The indemnity will be determined on each unit by
- (1) Multiplying the insured acreage by the production guarantee;
- (2) Subtracting from that result the total production of safflowers to be counted;
- (3) Multiplying the remainder by the price election: and
 - (4) Multiplying this result by your share.
- b. The total production (in pounds) to be counted for a unit will include all harvested and appraised production.
- (1) Mature safflower production which otherwise is not eligible for quality adjustment will be reduced .12 percent for each .1 percentage point of moisture in excess of 8.0
- (2) Mature safflower production will be adjusted for quality when, due to insurable causes, such production has a test weight below 35 pounds per bushel or has seed damage in excess of 25 percent as determined by a grader licensed to grade safflowers by the Federal Grain Inspection Service.
- (3) Mature safflower production which is eligible for quality adjustment, due to insurable causes, will be adjusted by:
- (a) Dividing the value per pound of damaged safflowers by the average market price per pound for undamaged safflowers; and
- (b) Multiplying the result by the number of pounds of such safflowers.

For the purpose of this insurance, the applicable price for damaged safflowers will be not less than 50 percent of the average market price for undamaged safflowers.

- (4) Any harvested production from other volunteer plants growing in the safflowers will be counted as safflowers on a weight basis.
- (5) Appraised production to be counted will include:

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- (a) Unharvested production on harvested acreage and potential production lost due to uninsured causes;
- (b) Not less than the guarantee for any acreage which is abandoned or put to another use without our prior written consent or damaged solely by an uninsured cause; and
- (c) Any appraised production of unharvested acreage.

(6) Any appraisal we have made on insured acreage for which we have given written consent to be put to another use will be considered production unless such acreage is:

- (a) Not put to another use before harvest of safflowers becomes general in the county and reappraised by us;
- (b) Further damaged by an insured cause and reappraised by us; or
 - (c) Harvested.

8. Cancellation and Termination Dates

The cancellation and termination dates for California are December 31, beginning December 31, 1991. For all other states, the cancellation and termination dates are April 15.

9. Contract Changes

Contract changes will be available at your service office by August 31 prior to the cancellation date for California, and by December 31 prior to the cancellation date for all other states.

10. Meaning of Terms

a. *Harvest* means the completion of combining or threshing of safflowers on the unit.

b. Value per pound of damaged safflowers means the value of the damaged safflowers (test weight below 35 pounds per bushel or seed damage in excess of 25 percent) at the local market but not less than 50 percent of the average market price for undamaged safflowers.

[52 FR 45159, Nov. 25, 1987, as amended at 54 FR 28795, July 10, 1989; 55 FR 40788, Oct. 5, 1990; 62 FR 42649, Aug. 8, 1997]

§ 401.124 Sunflower seed crop endorsement.

The provisions of the Sunflower Seed Crop Insurance Endorsement for the 1988 through 1994 crop years are as follows:

FEDERAL CROP INSURANCE CORPORATION

Sunflower Seed Crop Endorsement

1. Insured Crop

a. The crop insured will be sunflower seed ("sunflowers").

b. Unless otherwise provided by the actuarial table, insurance will attach only on acreage initially planted in rows far enough

apart to permit cultivation; but, if such insured acreage is destroyed and replanted by broadcasting, drilling, or in rows too close to permit cultivation. it will be considered insured acreage.

2. Causes of Loss

The insurance provided is against unavoidable loss of production resulting from the following causes occurring within the insurance period:

- a. Adverse weather conditions;
- b. Fire;
- c. Insects;
- d. Plant disease;
- e. Wildlife;
- f. Earthquake;
- g. Volcanic eruption; or
- h. If applicable, failure of the irrigation water supply due to an unavoidable cause occurring after the beginning of planting;

unless those causes are excepted. excluded, or limited by the actuarial table or section 9 of the general policy.

3. Annual Premium

- a. The annual premium is computed by multiplying the production guarantee times the price election, times the premium rate, times the insured acreage, times your share at the time of planting.
- b. If you are eligible for a premium reduction in excess of 5 percent based on your insuring experience through the 1984 crop year under the terms of the experience table contained in the sunflower policy in effect for the 1985 crop year, you will continue to receive the benefit of that reduction subject to the following conditions:
- (1) No premium reduction will be retained after the 1991 crop year;
- (2) The premium reduction will not increase because of favorable experience;
- (3) The premium reduction will decrease because of unfavorable experience in accordance with the terms of the policy in effect for the 1985 crop year;
- (4) Once the loss ratio exceeds .80, no further premium reduction will apply; and
 - (5) Participation must be continuous.

4. Insurance Period

The calendar date for the end of insurance period is November 30 of the calendar year in which the sunflowers are normally harvested.

5. Unit Division

Sunflower acreage that would otherwise be one unit, as defined in section 17 of the general crop insurance policy, may be divided into more than one unit if you agree to pay additional premium as provided for by the actuarial table and if for each proposed unit you maintain written verifiable records of